

Assessment Title:	Coronavirus (COVID-19): implementing protective measures introduced from 21 st February 2022 Reference Number:					
School Name:	Whitkirk Primary School		School Address:	Templegate Walk Whitkirk Leeds LS15 0EU		
Date Assessment Undertaken:		Name of Assessor (print): Diane Potter (Business Manager) & Sab Chamberlin (Super Intendent)	Assessor Signature: Assessment Review Date:		Pate:	
Name of Head Teach	er (print):	Head Teacher Signature:	Name of Chair of Governors (print):		Chair of Governors Signature:	
		& land	lan Foy			
Information Source: - Managemen - Department		& Safety at Work Act 1974. ement of H & S at Work Regulations 1999. ment of Education Guidance: Actions for schools dur ment of Education Guidance: Contingency framewor				



Guidance:

Issue Date: 28th February 2022

HIGH - Intolerable and Substantial risks – Urgently review/add controls & monitor, notify Director of Operations or Trust Estates Manager (if Likely or Highly Likely – stop work, seek competent advice)

MEDIUM – Moderate risks – Review/Add controls (as far as reasonably practicable) & monitor

LOW – Trivial or tolerable risks – Monitor control measures.

This is a <u>sample</u> risk assessment and will remain so unless the following criteria are satisfied.

- 1. The boxes highlighted in grey above must be completed with the required details.
- The Ref number can be allocated as per the schools own numbering system.
- The control measures listed below must be either complied with or altered to reflect the school's own control measures.

Once criteria 1-3 have been satisfied, you should remove the 'Sample' watermark. DESIGN-WATERMARK and choose the option that says 'Remove Watermark'

VILE LEG	illing illust				
		Severity/ C	Consequence		
		Slightly harmful	Harmful	Extremely harmful	
Likelihood	Highly unlikely	Trivial risk	Tolerable risk	Moderate risk	
Likeli	Unlikely	Tolerable risk	Moderate risk	Substantial risk	
	Likely	Moderate risk	Substantial risk	Intolerable risk	





RISKS	Note: this list is not exhaustive and must be adapted for your own needs 1. Inadequate Cleaning/Sanitising 2. Spread of Coronavirus to Staff, Pupils and Families, Visitors 3. Site User Becoming Unwell 4. Site User Developing Symptoms 5. Inadequate Hand Washing/Personal Hygiene 6. Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE 7. Inadequate Ventilation	and Contractors			
No.	CONTROL MEASURES	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	YES	NO	N/A
	Note: you <u>must</u> amend and adapt this generic risk assessment to suit your own not amending others where necessary) and then evaluate		rided (ad	dding a	nd
1	Inadequate Cleaning/Sanitising				
1.1	A cleaning schedule that includes regular cleaning of areas and equipment (for example, twice per day), with a particular focus on frequently touched surfaces is in place	Cleaning of non-healthcare settings outside the home			
1.2	Electronic entry systems and keypads are regularly sanitised particularly first thing in the morning and where possible after each use		×		
1.3	Stocks of cleaning chemicals, liquid soap, paper towels, tissues, toilet roll, bin bags etc. regularly checked and additional supplies requested as necessary		⊠		
2	Spread of Coronavirus to Staff, Pupils and Families, Visitors and C	ontractors			
2.1	In most cases, parents and carers will agree that a pupil with the key symptoms of COVID-19 should not attend the school, given the potential risk to others	If a parent or carer insists on a pupil attending your school where they have a confirmed or suspected case of COVID-19, you can take the decision to refuse the pupil if, in your reasonable judgement, it is necessary to protect other pupils and staff from possible infection with COVID-19.	⊠		
2.2	Close contacts in schools are no longer required to self-isolate or advised to take daily tests and contact tracing has ended.	,			



2.3	If a member of staff lives with, or has stayed overnight in the household of, someone who has COVID-19, they are advised to wear a well-fitting face covering made with multiple layers or a surgical face mask in crowded, enclosed or poorly ventilated spaces and where you are in close contact with other people	They should follow this advice for 10 days after the day the person they live with or stayed with symptoms started (or the day their test was taken if they did not have symptoms).	×	
2.4	Children and young people who usually attend an education or childcare setting and who live with someone who has COVID-19 should continue to attend the setting as normal.		×	
2.5	For most settings, it will make sense to think about taking extra action if they face severe operational disruption to face-to-face education. The thresholds, detailed below, can be used by settings as an indication for when to seek public health advice if they are concerned. For most education and childcare settings, these include: • a higher than previously experienced and/or rapidly increasing number of staff or student absences due to COVID-19 infection • evidence of severe disease due to COVID-19, for example if a pupil, student, child, or staff member is admitted to hospital due to COVID-19 • a cluster of cases where there are concerns about the health needs of vulnerable staff or students within the affected group	Settings should consider whether to seek additional public health advice if they have met the thresholds set out above and are considering additional measures, either by phoning the DfE helpline (0800 046 8687, option 1) or in line with other local arrangements.	×	
2.6	School must complete the New and Expectant Mothers risk assessment as well as the Covid Individual risk assessment for any pregnant members of staff. Both Risk Assessments will need to be subject to regular review. More guidance is provided below and contact the School's HR Advisor on <a hrc.ni<="" hrc.nih.gov="" href="https://www.hr.gov.ncbe.ncbe.ncbe.ncbe.ncbe.ncbe.ncbe.ncbe</td><td>Further advice is available on the HSE website link and contact the School's HR Advisor on <td>×</td><td></td>	×		
3	Site User Becomes Unwell			
3.1	If anyone in school develops COVID-19 symptoms, they are sent home and told they should follow public health advice	Symptoms of coronavirus (COVID-19)	×	
3.2	If a pupil is awaiting collection, they should be left in a room on their own if possible and safe to do so. A window should be opened for fresh air ventilation if possible	IT room (covid room) See Admin staff who will let you in. Covid bag and PPE are available. Chair for pupil/staff member.Inform Admin on leaving to arrange cleaning.	×	
3.3	If the pupil needs to go to the toilet while waiting to be collected, they should use a separate toilet if possible. The toilet should be cleaned and disinfected using standard cleaning products before being used by anyone else		×	
3.4	PPE should be worn by staff caring for the pupil while they await collection if close contact is necessary		×	



3.5	The room used by the pupil awaiting collection should be cleaned after they have left		\boxtimes	
3.6	Everyone displaying coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms should avoid using public transport where possible and, wherever possible, be collected by a member of their family or household		×	
3.7	In exceptional circumstances, if parents or carers cannot arrange to have their child collected, if age-appropriate and safe to do so the child should walk, cycle or scoot home		×	
3.8	In an emergency, call 999 if the pupil is seriously ill or injured or their life is at risk.	Anyone with coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms should not visit the GP, pharmacy, urgent care centre or a hospital	×	
4	Site User Developing Symptoms			
4.1	Children, staff, and other adults should order a PCR test if they have any of the 3 main symptoms a new continuous cough a high temperature a loss of, or change in, your normal sense of taste or smell (anosmia)	Children, staff, and other adults should not come into school if they have had a positive PCR test result.	⊠	
		Many people will no longer be infectious to others after 5 days. They may choose to take an LFD test from 5 days after their symptoms started (or the day their test was taken if they did not have symptoms) followed by another LFD test the next day.		
4.2	If a member of staff or a pupil test positive for Covid 19 they should stay at home and avoid contact with other people for the 10 days after their symptoms started (or the day their test was taken if they did not have symptoms).	If both these test results are negative, and they do not have a high temperature, the risk that they are still infectious is much lower and they can safely return to school.	×	
		If their day 5 LFD test result is positive, they can continue taking LFD tests until they receive 2 consecutive negative test results.		
4.3	Where pupils who are self-isolating are within the governments definition of vulnerable it is very important that schools put systems in place to keep in contact with them, particularly if they have a social worker.	When a vulnerable pupil is asked to self-isolate, you should:	×	

Covid-19 Risk Assessment – Omicron Variant Updates- Revision 6



Risk Assessment for Red Kite Learning Trust • notify their social worker (if they have one) and, for looked-after children, the local authority virtual school head · agree with the social worker the best way to maintain contact and offer support You should have procedures in place to: · check if a vulnerable pupil is able to access remote education support • support them to access it (as far as possible) regularly check if they are accessing remote education keep in contact with them to check their wellbeing and refer onto another services if additional support is needed. From 21 February, pupils in secondary schools and staff in all schools will not be expected to continue taking part in regular asymptomatic testing and should follow 4.4 \boxtimes asymptomatic testing advice for the general population. Where appropriate, schools should support those who need to self-isolate because 4.5 \boxtimes they have tested positive to work or learn from home if they are well enough to do so. **Inadequate Hand Washing/Personal Hygiene** 5 Staff/pupils/cleaners/contractors etc. will be reminded to clean their hands regularly, including: when they arrive at the school Ensure that staff have sufficient time to wash their 5.1 X when they return from breaks hands regularly, as frequently as pupils when they change rooms before and after eating Consideration given to how often pupils and staff will need to wash their hands and 5.2 \boxtimes incorporated time for this is in timetables or lesson plans Staff working with pupils who spit uncontrollably may want more opportunities to 5.3 \boxtimes wash their hands than other staff Pupils who use saliva as a sensory stimulant or who struggle with 'catch it, bin it, kill it' may also need more opportunities to wash their hands and this has been 5.4 \boxtimes

considered

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5.5	Help given to pupils with complex needs to clean their hands properly		⊠	
5.6	Risk assessments for pupils with complex needs that may struggle to maintain as good respiratory hygiene as their peers, for example those who spit uncontrollably or use saliva as a sensory stimulant, have been updated in order to support these pupils and the staff working with them		×	
5.7	Hands are washed with liquid soap & water for a minimum of 20 seconds		⊠	
5.8	The school has considered whether they have enough hand washing or hand sanitiser 'stations' available so that all pupils and staff can clean their hands regularly		×	
5.9	Alcohol based hand cleansers/gels can only be used if soap and water are not available but is not a substitute for hand washing. Such gels MUST ONLY BE USED UNDER CLOSE SUPERVISION. In normal circumstances pupils should not be using alcohol-based hand cleansers because of the risk of ingestion	Skin friendly cleaning wipes can be used as an alternative	×	
5.10	School has embedded hand washing routines into school culture, supported by behaviour expectations to help ensure younger pupils and those with complex needs understand the need to follow them		×	
5.11	The 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach is very important and is promoted	CATCH IT Germs spread easily. Always carry tissues and use them to catch your cough or sneeze. BIN IT Germs can live for several hours on tissues. Dispose of your tissue as soon as possible. KILL IT Hands can transfer germs to every surface you touch. Clean your hands as soon as you can.	⊠	
5.12	School has embedded the 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach to ensure younger pupils and those with complex needs get this right, and that all pupils understand that this is now part of how the school operates	The <u>e-bug</u> website contains free resources for schools, including materials to encourage good hand and respiratory hygiene	×	
6	Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE			
6.1	Face coverings are no longer advised for pupils, staff and visitors in classrooms or communal areas.		⊠	



6.2	A director of public health might advise that face coverings should temporarily be worn in communal areas or classrooms (by pupils, staff, and visitors, unless exempt) in exceptional circumstances.			
7	Inadequate Ventilation			
7.1	When your school is in operation, it is important to ensure it is well ventilated and that a comfortable teaching environment is maintained. You should identify any poorly ventilated spaces as part of your risk assessment and take steps to improve fresh air flow in these areas.			
7.2	Mechanical ventilation is a system that uses a fan to draw fresh air or extract air from a room. These should be adjusted to increase the ventilation rate wherever possible and checked to confirm that normal operation meets current guidance and that only fresh outside air is circulated. If possible, systems should be adjusted to full fresh air or, if this is not possible, then systems should be operated as normal as long as they are within a single room and supplemented by an outdoor air supply. Where mechanical ventilation systems exist, you should ensure that they are maintained in accordance with the manufacturers' recommendations.	×		
7.3	Opening external windows can improve natural ventilation, and in addition, opening internal doors can also assist with creating a throughput of air. If necessary, external opening doors may also be used (if they are not fire doors and where safe to do so). You should balance the need for increased ventilation while maintaining a comfortable temperature.	×		
7.4	CO2 monitors have been provided to state-funded education settings, so staff can quickly identify where ventilation needs to be improved.	×		
	Have you consulted with the people/representatives undertaking the activity as part of the preparation of this risk assessment?	Yes	\boxtimes	NO 🗆
	What is the level of risk for this situation BEFORE control measures implemented?	High	Med ⊠	Low
	Is the risk adequately controlled with the existing control measures in school prior to this situation?			No 🗆
	Have you identified any further control measures needed to control the risk and recorded them in the action plan?			No
	ACTION PLAN (insert additional rows if required) To be actioned by			



		<u> </u>
Further or altered control measures to reduce risks so far as is reasonably practicable	Name	Date
Chairs to be spaced out in Friday assemblies.	S. Chamberlain	07/03/22
Visitors and staff to be mindful and keep a safe distance.	G Quarmby and all staff.	07/03/22
 ·		

State overall risk level assigned to the task AFTER implementation of control and action plan measures taken as a result of this risk assessment.	High□	Med Low ⊠
Is such a risk level deemed to be as low as reasonably practical?	Yes ⊠	No □
Is activity still acceptable with this level of risk?	Yes ⊠	No □
If no, has this been escalated to senior leadership team?	Yes ⊠	No □
Distribution:		

Risk rating	Action
HIGH Intolerable or Substantial Risks	Urgently review/add controls & monitor, notify H&S Team (if Likely or Highly Likely – stop work, seek competent advice).
MED Moderate Risks	Review/add controls (as far as reasonably practicable) & monitor.
LOW Tolerable or Trivial	Monitor control measures.