





EYFS	<u>Autumn 1</u>	<u>Autumn 2</u>	<u>Spring 1</u>	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
	Voc	abulary introduced and revisite	l ed throughout the year: rhyme,	song, pattern, slow, fast, instr	ument		
Musical performances throughout the year	Harvest songs: Rehearse songs to perform at St Mary's Church	Nativity songs	Prim	ng Charanga scheme to practis	e and perform songs as a year o	group	
	*Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match'). *Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs. *Create their own songs, or improvise a song around one they know. *Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas.						
Purpose: To listen and talk about dance and performance art, expressing their feelings and responses	Composer study: John Williams Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings	Camille Saint-Saens — Carnival of the Animals Children move in a variety of ways to the music in PE sessions, explore the ways in which they can express themselves and move in time with the music. Tchaikovsky- Nutcracker — Watch the Sugar Plum fairy's performance in the Nutcracker	Amadeus Mozart Discus similarities and differences to composers already studied Discus instruments in the music and the effects Children move in a variety of	and the effects Children move in a vari <mark>ety</mark> of ways to the music in P <mark>E ses</mark> sion	Composer study- Vivaldi - Four seasons Discus similarities and differences to composers already studied Discus instruments in the music and the effects Children move in a variety of sways to the music in PE sessions and explore the ways in which they can move to the music	Composer Study: Klaus Badelt Discus similarities and differences to composers already studied Discus instruments in the music and the effects Children move in a variety of ways to the music in PE sessions and explore the ways in which they can move to the music	
ELG:	Early Learning Goals (ELG) E -Expressive Arts and Design- -Children at the expected leve -Invent, adapt, and recount n -Sing a range of well-known -Perform songs, rhymes, poer	Being Imaginative and Expre el of development will: arratives and stories with pe nursery rhymes and songs	ers and their teacher.	to move in time with music			







	Year 1	Year 2	LKS2 Cycle 1	LKS2 Cycle 2	<u>Year 5</u>	<u>Year 6</u>
Vocabulary	Pulse, rhythm, pitch (high/low), compose, perform, audience Knowledge		Structure, verse, chorus, hook texture, vocals, riff, pentatonic scale, notation Knowledge	1	Tune, note values, note names, harmony, timbre, texture Knowledge	Dimensions of music
Listen and Appraise	-Know 5 songs off by heartKnow what the songs are about Know and recognise the sound and names of some of the instruments they use. Skills -Enjoy moving to music by dancing, marching, being animals or pop stars	-Know that some songs have a chorus or a response/answer part Know that songs have a musical style Skills	-Know 5 songs from memory and who sang them or wrote themKnow the style of 5 songsIdentify a song's lyrics: What the song is about -Identify any musical dimensions featured in a song, and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch) - Identify the main sections of a song (introduction, verse,	Identify indicators of a songs style (musical characteristics that give the song its style Skills -Discuss musical dimensions working together in songs e.g., if the song gets louder in the chorus (dynamics). -Consider how the music makes them feel. -Use musical vocabulary when discussing music.	-Know five songs from memory, who sang or wrote them, when they were written and, if possible, why? -Know the style of the five songs and to name other songs from the Units in those stylesKnow some of the style indicators of the songs (musical characteristics that give the songs	-know and talk about that fact that we each have a musical identity Skills _Talk about the music and how it makes you feel, using musical language to describe the music.







					Unit songs.	
7 elements of music	favourite colours and animals Skills -Find the pulse -Listen and copy back short rhythmic phrases based on words, with one and two syllables whilst marching to the steady beatCreate rhythms for others to copyListen and sing back. Use your voices to copy back using 'la', whist marching to the steady beat	sounds (pitch) when we sing and play our instruments Skills -Find the pulse -Listen and copy back short rhythmic phrases based on words, with one and two syllables whilst marching to the steady beatCreate rhythms for others to copyListen and sing back. Use your voices to copy back using 'la', whist marching to the steady beat	musical question and an answer. Skills -Find the Pulse -Clap and say back rhythms with or without notation -Using up to two notes, copy or play	Know how to create ideas for the group to copy or respond to. Skills -Find the Pulse -Clap and say back rhythms with or without notation	-Lead the class by inventing rhythms for others to copy back.	-Copy back rhythms based on the words of a song, that include syncopation/off beat -Copy back riffs using simple and syncopated rhythm patterns
Singing	Knowledge - Confidently sing or rap five songs from memory and sing them in unison. Skills - Experiment singing notes of different pitches (high and low)Explore making different types of sounds with their voices — you can rap or say words in rhythmFollow a leader to know when to start and stop singing	- Know that unison is everyone singing at the same timeKnow that songs include other ways of using the voice e.g. rapping (spoken word)Know why we need to warm up our voices. Skills - Find a comfortable singing position	Knowledge -Know singing in a group can be called a choir Know the leader or conductor is a person who the choir or group followUnderstand songs can make you feel different things e.g. happy, energetic or sadKnow singing as part of an ensemble or large group is fun, but that you must listen to each other Know why you must warm up your voice.	a thinner texture than a large group. Skills To re-join the song if lost. To listen to the group when	Knowledge s-Know and confidently sing five songs and their parts from memory and to sing them with a strong internal pulseIdentify a song's main features -Identify singing in unison, the solo, lead vocal, backing vocals or rapping in a songKnow what the song is about and the meaning of the lyricsKnow and explain the importance of warming up your voice Skills	vocal, backing vocals or rapping To know what the song is about



Music Progression of Pitch (EYFS – KS2)



		K	Skills Sing in unison and in simple two- partsDemonstrate a good singing postureFollow a leader when singingExploring singing soloSing with awareness of being 'in tune'Be aware of the pulse internally when singing	7.0	Enjoy exploring singing solo. Experience rapping and solo singingListen to each other and be aware of how you fit into the group.	To sing in unison and to sing backing vocals. To demonstrate a good singing posture. To follow a leader when singing. To experience rapping and solo singing. To listen to each other and be aware of how you fit into the group To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'.
Playing	-Know the names of the notes in their instrumental part from memory or when written down Learn the names of the instruments they are playing Skills - Treat instruments carefully and with respectPlay a tuned instrumental part with the song they perform Learn to play an instrumental part that matches their musical Challenge - Listen to and follow musical	Knowledge -Know the names of untuned percussion instruments played in class. Skills -Play the part in time with the steady pulseTreat instruments carefully and with respectPlay a tuned instrumental part with the song they performLearn to play an instrumental part that matches their musical Challenge - Listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.	-Know the instruments used in class (a glockenspiel, a recorder) Skills -Treat instruments carefully and with respect.	Skills	Know and discuss different ways of writing music down — e.g., staff notation, symbols. Know and discuss the notes C, D, E, F, G, A, B + C on the treble stave Skills Play a musical instrument with the correct technique within a given context. Select and learn an instrumental part that matches their musical challenge (a one-note, simple or medium part or the melody of the song) from memory or using notation. Lead a rehearsal session	• Know and discuss the notes C, D, E, F, G, A, B + C on the treble stave Skills -Play a musical instrument with the correct technique within a given contextSelect and learn an instrumental
	- Know that improvisation is about making up your own tunes on the spot, that it has never been heard before and is not written down Skills - Listen and clap your own	Knowledge - Know that you can improvise on more than one note (up to two notes). Skills -Listen and clap your own answer (rhythms of words)Listen and sing/play back your own answer using one or two notesImprovise using one or two notes	Knowledge -Know improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot -Know when someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them -Know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five -Know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake	Skills -Listen and sing back an	-Know that you can use some of the riffs and licks you have learnt elsewhere in your improvisationsKnow three well-known improvising musicians Skills -Copy back using instruments using up to three notes.	Knowledge -Know that you can use some of the riffs and licks you have learnt elsewhere in your improvisationsKnow three well-known improvising musicians Skills Copy back using instruments using up to three notes.







- Know composing is like writing a story with music. Skills - Compose a simple melodu usina	Knowledge -Know composing is like writing a story with music Skills -Compose simple melodies with up to 5 notes in a group	Skills -Listen and sing backListen and play back an improvised answer using up to two notes on an instrumentTake it in turns to improvise using up to three notes on an instrument. Knowledge -Know a composition is music that is created by you and kept in some wayIt can be played or performed again to your friendsKnow different ways of recording compositions (letter names, symbols, audio etc.) Skills -Help create at least one simple melody using one, three or five different notesPlan and create a section of music that can be performed within the context of the unit songTalk about how it was createdListen to, reflect upon the developing composition, and make musical decisions about pulse, rhythm, pitch, dynamics, and tempoRecord the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g., graphic/pictorial notation).	Knowledge -Know a composition is music that is created by you and kept in some way. It can be played or performed again to your friendsKnow different ways of recording compositions (letter names, symbols, audio etc.) Skills Help create at least one simple melody using one, three or five different notesPlan and create a section of music that can be performed within the context of the unit songTalk about how it was createdListen to, reflect upon the developing composition, and make musical decisions about	given notes. Improvise with a feeling for the style of Bossa Nova and Swing using the notes D, E, G, A + B (pentatonic scale/a five-note pattern) Knowledge Know a composition has pulse, rhythm and pitch that work together and are shaped by tempo, dynamics, texture and structure Recognise the connection between sound and symbol Skills Compose simple melodies using up to five different notes and simple rhythms that work musically within a given style. Explain the keynote or home note and the structure of the melody. Listen to, reflect upon the developing composition, and make musical decisions about how the melody connects with the song. Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and sumbal (e. a. argabic/hictorial)	Skills -Compose simple melodies using up to five different notes and simple rhythms that work musically within a given styleExplain the keynote or home note and the structure of the melodyListen to, reflect upon the developing composition, and make musical decisions about how the melody connects with the songRecord the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and
-Know that a performance is sharing music with other people, called an audience.	Knowledge -Know that a performance can be a special occasion and involve a class, a year group or a whole school	needs to have been planned and	Know a performance can be to one person or to each other. -Know everything for a performance needs to have been planned and learned Know you must sing or rap the	Know a performance can be to one person or to each other. Know everything for a performance needs to have been planned and learned. Know you must sing or rap the words clearly	Knowledge -Know a performance can be to one person or to each otherKnow everything for a performance needs to have been planned and learnedKnow you must sing or rap the words clearly and play with confidence.







performanceRecord a performance and say how they were feeling about it Skills - Choose a learnt and performance -Record a perfor	deas to a -Choose what to perform and creat	confidenceKnow a performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including people you don't know. nd-Know a performance is planned and different for each occasionKnow a performance involves communicating feelings, thoughts and ideas about the song/music Skills Present a musical performance designed to capture the	special occasion and involve an audience including people you don't know. Know a performance is planned and different for each occasion. Know a performance involves communicating feelings, thoughts and ideas about the song/music Skills To talk about the venue and how to use it to best effect. To record the performance and compare it to a previous performance. To discuss and talk musically about it — "What went well?" and "It would have been even better if?"	- To talk about the venue and how to use it to best effect. -To record the performance and compare it to a previous performance.
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